



Adrenal Stress Profile



The **Adrenal Stress Profile** is a powerful and precise noninvasive salivary assay that evaluates bioactive levels of the body's important stress hormones, **cortisol** and **DHEA**. This profile serves as a critical tool for uncovering biochemical imbalances underlying anxiety, depression, chronic fatigue, obesity, dysglycaemia, and a host of other clinical conditions.

The adrenal hormones cortisol and DHEA function to influence:

• Metabolism

- Thyroid function
- Anti-inflammatory response
- Resistance to stress

Changing the amounts of cortisol and DHEA can profoundly affect:

- Energy levels
- Resistance to disease
- Emotional states
- General sense of well-being

Although both DHEA and cortisol are produced by the adrenal cortex, they exhibit many opposing actions.

Cortisol: Many of cortisols physiological actions are geared toward the mobilisation of reserves. Cortisol is released in large amounts in response to physical, physiological, and/or psychological stress. When stressors persist, the secretion of glucocorticoids can be prolonged, leading to maladaptation of the adrenal cortex and adrenal hyperplasia.

Excess cortisol can adversely affect:

- Bone and muscle tissue
 Gardian and muscle tissue
- Cardiovascular function
- Sleep

- Thyroid functionWeight control
- Glucose regulation
- (A) Aging

• Immune defense (reduced SIgA)

Over time, cortisol secretion can become impaired, resulting in an inability to respond to stress as demonstrated in conditions such as:

- Chronic fatigue
- Menstrual problems

Allergies

Arthritis

DHEA, in contrast to cortisol, exerts mostly anabolic actions and balances the body's stress response.

DHEA functions to:

- Provide substrate for the synthesis of sex hormones
- Guard against degenerative conditions associated with aging
- Influence immune function and energy production
- Affect insulin sensitivity, thyroid function, protein synthesis and others.

Imbalances of DHEA have been associated with:

Impaired immunity

Insulin resistance

Cancer

nicotine (on day of test)

- Do not eat, brush or floss teeth, use mouthwash, or chew gum

Secretory IgA (Comprehensive)

4 (2ml) saliva samples collected at specific times over a 24-hour

• Specimen Requirement:

• Before Taking this Test:

(1 hour before)

- Avoid caffeine, alcohol, and

· Analytes:

DHEA cortisol

period

- Depression
 Panic disorder
- -Wash hands before collection

Obesity

- See instructions inside test kit for details
- Alzheimers disease
 Cardiovascular disease







Practitioner Details

Parkgate House 356 West Barnes Lane

New Malden

Comprehensive Adrenal Stress Profile (Saliva)

Patient Details

Ms Sample Report Parkgate House 356 West Barnes Lane **New Malden** Surrey KT3 6NB

Client ID No: IWX500220

Accession No:

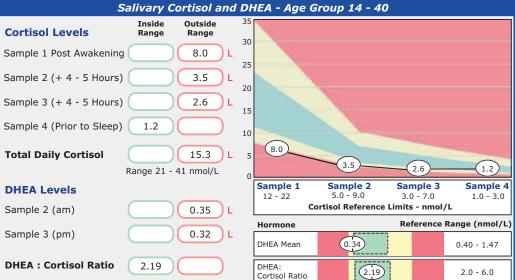
Patients DOB: 02/03/1975

Sample Date:

Date Of Report: 08/05/2008

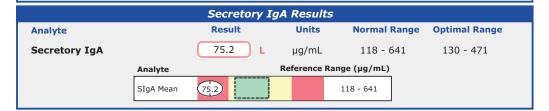


Genova Diagnostics (Europe)



Adrenal Stress Stage

Exhaustion Stage: This is generally a state of insufficient production of adrenal hormones after multiple years of persistent stressors with insufficient coping mechanisms. Patients usually present with fatigue, poor energy and immune system hypofunction. They may exhibit chronic anxiety. In some patients this represents impaired response to shorter-term stressors (i.e. overreactivity to short term stress). Adrenal support and restoration measures, as well as identification and balancing of major stressors are indicated. This state should not be confused with Addison's disease, which is a near absence of adrenal hormones, and is a medical emergency.



For test kits, clinical support, or more information contact:

Genova Diagnostics, Europe Parkgate House 356 West Barnes Lane New Malden Surrey KT3 6NB

+44 (0)20 8336 7750 • Fax: +44 (0)20 8336 7751

More detailed publications with references are also available: www.GDXuk.net

Clinical Significance:

- Accurate measurement of cortisol and DHEA is valuable in preventing illness and identifying contributing factors to chronic disorders.
- Salivary assessment reflects the unbound, bioavailable fraction of hormone. The ease of collection allows for multiple sampling throughout the day, enabling the practitioner to evaluate the circadian rhythm of cortisol.
- Customised therapeutic programs based on exercise, diet, stress reduction, and/or supplementation can be implemented based on laboratory results.